

## Environmental Protection Agency

§ 52.2821

Authority's Christiansted Power Plant on the island of St. Croix.

(3) The entire regulation excluding subsection (a)(2) as it applies to the remaining sources on the island of St. Croix.

Subsection (a)(2) of the regulation is not approved as it applies to the remaining sources on St. Croix because of the inadequacy of the control strategy demonstration noted in paragraph (a) of this section. Accordingly, all sources on St. Croix with the exception of the Virgin Islands Water and Power Authority's Christiansted Power Plant are required to conform to the sulfur-fuel-oil limitations contained in 12 V.I.R. and R. 9:204-26 as originally submitted to EPA on January 31, 1972.

(c) Reference to "Section (a)(2)" in subsection (d) of 12 V.I.R. and R. 9:204-26, as submitted to EPA on January 21, 1976 and as amended and resubmitted to EPA on June 3, 1976, refers to the following approved limitations: (1) For the islands of St. Thomas and St. John, subsection (a)(2) of section 204-26 as submitted to EPA on January 21, 1976 and as amended and resubmitted to EPA on June 3, 1976; (2) for the island of St. Croix, subsection (a)(2) of section 204-26 as originally submitted to EPA on January 31, 1972 and approved by EPA on May 31, 1972.

[41 FR 28493, July 12, 1976, as amended at 41 FR 55531, Dec. 21, 1976; 43 FR 4016, Jan. 31, 1978; 51 FR 40676, Nov. 7, 1986]

### § 52.2781 Visibility protection.

(a) The requirements of section 169A of the Clean Air Act are not met, because the plan does not include approvable procedures for protection of visibility in mandatory Class I Federal areas.

(b) Regulation for visibility monitoring. The provisions of § 52.26 are hereby incorporated and made a part of the applicable plan for the Virgin Islands.

(c) *Long-term strategy.* The provisions of § 52.29 are hereby incorporated and made part of the applicable plan for the Virgin Islands.

[50 FR 28553, July 12, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 45137, Nov. 24, 1987]

### § 52.2782 Small business technical and environmental compliance assistance program.

On January 15, 1993, the Virgin Islands Department of Planning and Natural Resources submitted a plan to establish and implement a Small Business Stationary Source Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program for incorporation in the Virgin Islands state implementation plan. This plan meets the requirements of section 507 of the Clean Air Act, and the U.S. Virgin Islands must implement the program as approved by EPA.

[59 FR 34386, July 5, 1994]

## Subpart DDD—American Samoa

### § 52.2820 Identification of plan.

(a) Title of plan: "The Territory of American Samoa Air Pollution Control Implementation Plan."

(b) The plan was officially submitted on January 27, 1972.

(c) The plan revisions listed below were submitted on the dates specified.

(1) Revised legal authority submitted on March 9, 1972, by the Environmental Quality Commission.

(2) Letter indicating formal adoption of the implementation plan submitted on March 23, 1972, by the Environmental Quality Commission.

(3) Letter regarding comments on the plan and indicating intent to submit a revised plan submitted on April 28, 1972, by the Environmental Quality Commission.

(4) Formally adopted rules and regulations for the entire Territory submitted on June 8, 1972, by the Environmental Quality Commission.

(5) The following amendments to the plan were submitted on November 22, 1982, by the Governor.

(i) Negative declaration indicating no Lead sources in American Samoa.

[37 FR 10906, May 31, 1972, as amended at 41 FR 8969, Mar. 2, 1976; 50 FR 32698, Aug. 14, 1985]

### § 52.2821 Classification of regions.

The American Samoa plan was evaluated on the basis of the following classifications: